* **Question 1**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If the results of a SELECT statement include more than one column of data, the column names must be separated in the SELECT clause by which of the following symbols?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correctb.  ​, | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​, | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​Choosing specific columns to be displayed by a SELECT statement is known as selection. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect True | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | **​**The DISTINCT keyword can be used to indicate that duplicate data should be suppressed in the results of a query. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correct True | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​A double backslash (\\) is used to indicate concatenation in a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correct False | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A clause is a section within a SQL statement that begins with a keyword.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correct True | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following types of columns will automatically right-align the data when it is displayed?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correcta.  ​numeric | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​numeric | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an alternative column heading displayed in the output of a query.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correct column alias | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | column alias |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is used to indicate the end of an SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correctd.  ​; | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A column heading that is longer than the width of a column will not be truncated for a column that is defined to store character data. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correct False | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

10 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SELECT statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Correctd.  none of the above | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The optional keyword \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be used to distinguish between a column name and a column alias.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | AS |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG ​  Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following SQL statements will execute without returning an error message?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT pubid name FROM publisher; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​A double backslash (\\) is used to indicate concatenation in a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​If a column alias contains a blank space, it must be enclosed in double quotation marks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The name of the table containing the data to be retrieved is specified in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | FROM |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is used to indicate the end of an SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A clause is a section within a SQL statement that begins with a keyword.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column heading is longer than the assigned width of a character column, the column heading will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | truncated |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following keywords can be used to indicate that a column alias should be included in the results?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​AS | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Column headings may be truncated in the results of a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG ​  Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following SQL statements will execute without returning an error message?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT pubid name FROM publisher; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​What is the correct solution for the arithmetic expression 2+8/2\*9/3 using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​14 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A query can be executed in the SQL\*Plus tool. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​If multiple column names are listed in the SELECT clause of a SELECT statement, the columns must be separated by a comma (,). |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When a user asks the database a question, the user is issuing a query.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | You can include \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to override the order of operations when solving arithmetic expressions.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | parentheses |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ( ) |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to end a SQL statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | semicolon |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ; |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is included in the SELECT clause to indicate that all columns in the specified table should be listed in the results.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | asterisk |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | \* |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can consist of numbers, characters, or special symbols that should be included in the output exactly as entered by the user.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | string literal |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The SELECT clause of the SELECT statement is used to identify which rows are to be retrieved from a specified table. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | SQL\*Plus can only be accessed via an internet interface. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Based upon the contents of the BOOKS table, which of the following is a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column heading is longer than the assigned width of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ field, the column heading will be truncated.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | character |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SELECT statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is the correct answer for the arithmetic expression 9+2\*(3-4) using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​7 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Based upon the structure of the ORDERS table, which of the following SQL statements will return an error message upon execution?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​SELECT order#, "order number" FROM orders; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column alias contains a blank space, it must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​double quotation marks (" ") | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When resolving arithmetic expressions, Oracle *12c* always performs the operations by starting on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ side of the expression.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | left |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SQL statement to retrieve data from the ORDERS table?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT order#, orderdate, shipdate FROM orders; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​By default, a column alias is displayed in lower case characters in the results. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The SELECT command can be used to display the structure of a database table. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If the results of a SELECT statement include more than one column of data, the column names must be separated in the SELECT clause by which of the following symbols?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​, | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​Which of the following commands is used to issue a query? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​SELECT | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The optional keyword \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be used to distinguish between a column name and a column alias.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | AS |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Insignificant zeros are displayed for numeric columns by default to show two decimal places. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) CRBMDS is a software program that can be used to create a relational database and allows you to enter, manipulate, and retrieve data. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column alias contains a blank space, it must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​double quotation marks (" ") | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) WHERE statement allows a user to retrieve data from a database table. ​\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG ​  Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following SQL statements will execute without returning an error message?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT pubid name FROM publisher; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​A double backslash (\\) is used to indicate concatenation in a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​By default, a column alias is displayed in lower case characters in the results. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Based upon the structure of the ORDERS table, which of the following SQL statements will return an error message upon execution?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​SELECT order#, "order number" FROM orders; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The only required clauses for a SELECT statement are the WHERE and FROM clauses. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Which of the following will display the new retail price of each book as 20 percent more than it originally cost?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​SELECT title, cost\*1.20 "New Retail Price" FROM books;​ | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Parentheses can be used to override the order of operations in an arithmetic expression. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The names of the columns to be retrieved are listed in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | SELECT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | In an arithmetic expression, multiplication and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are always solved first in Oracle 12c.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | division |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When solving arithmetic expressions, Oracle 12c always resolves addition and subtraction operations first from left to right in the expression. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Based upon the contents of the BOOKS table, which of the following columns will be displayed with a right-aligned column heading?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​pubid | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The following arithmetic operations can be performed in the SELECT clause of a SELECT statement: addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (\*), division (/), and exponential (^).​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is used to indicate the end of an SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​What is the correct solution for the arithmetic expression 2+8/2\*9/3 using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​14 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to end a SQL statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | semicolon |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ; |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A query can be executed in the SQL\*Plus tool. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The SELECT clause of the SELECT statement is used to identify which rows are to be retrieved from a specified table. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A SELECT statement is also referred to as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | query |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Choosing specific columns in a SELECT statement is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | projection |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following statements is correct?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​The columns will be listed in the results in the same order they are listed in the SELECT clause of the SELECT statement. | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is the correct answer for the arithmetic expression 9+2\*(3-4) using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​7 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column alias contains a blank space, it must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​double quotation marks (" ") | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | By default, the data for a numeric column is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ aligned when it is displayed.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | right |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | right- |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The entire column heading for a column will be displayed, regardless of the assigned width of the column, if the column is defined as a(n) \_\_\_\_ column.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​numeric | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The syntax for a SQL statement gives the basic structure required to execute the statement.  ​\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Based upon the structure of the ORDERS table, which of the following is a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​SELECT order#, orderdate DateOrdered FROM orders; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | SQL\*Plus is an Oracle tool used to enter and edit SQL statements.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Choosing specific columns in a SELECT statement is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | projection |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Each clause of a SELECT statement must be entered on a new line in SQL\*Plus. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following symbols can be used to combine data from different columns into one column of output?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​|| | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG​  Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following is not a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​SELECT name, contact FROM publisher/ | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The name of the table containing the data to be retrieved is specified in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | FROM |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​Choosing specific columns from a database through a SELECT statement is known as projection. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Based upon the contents of the BOOKS table, which of the following SQL statements will display five rows in its results?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT DISTINCT pubid FROM books; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​Which of the following commands is used to issue a query? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​SELECT | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG ​  ​Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following SQL statements will display only two columns in the results? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT contact person, name FROM publisher;​ | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | By default, the data for character fields are displayed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ aligned when they are displayed.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | left |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | left- |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ command can be used to display the structure of a table.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | DESCRIBE |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is the correct solution for the arithmetic expression (2+8)/2\*9/3 using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​15 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is used to indicate the end of an SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​Parentheses can be used to override the order of operations in an arithmetic expression. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Insignificant zeros are displayed for numeric columns by default to show two decimal places. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The optional keyword AS can be used to indicate that the subsequent string of characters is a column alias. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If a column alias contains a blank space, it must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​double quotation marks (" ") | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The columns displayed in the results of a SELECT statement will be in the same order as they are stored in the database table. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Parentheses can be used to override the order of operations in an arithmetic expression. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When solving arithmetic expressions, Oracle 12c always resolves addition and subtraction operations first from left to right in the expression. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is the correct solution for the arithmetic expression (2+8)/2\*9/3 using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​15 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The optional keyword \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be used to distinguish between a column name and a column alias.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | AS |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SELECT statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Combining the contents of two or more columns is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | concatenation |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The following arithmetic operations can be performed in the SELECT clause of a SELECT statement: addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (\*), division (/), and exponential (^).​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ statements can be used to retrieve data from database tables.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | SELECT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can consist of numbers, characters, or special symbols that should be included in the output exactly as entered by the user.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | string literal |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Combining the contents of two or more columns is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | concatenation |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The names of the columns to be retrieved are listed in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | SELECT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A string literal must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ marks.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | single quotation |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | single-quotation |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ' ' |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following is a mandatory clause in a SELECT statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​FROM | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The following arithmetic operations can be performed in the SELECT clause of a SELECT statement: addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (\*), division (/), and exponential (^).​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When a user asks the database a question, the user is issuing a query.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Based upon the structure of the ORDERS table, the column heading for which column will be truncated in the results?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​shipzip | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A column alias must be contained within double quotation marks (" ") if it contains which of the following?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​all of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Based upon the contents of the BOOKS table, which of the following is a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The DIST or UNIQ keywords can be used to suppress duplicate data in the results of a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The syntax for a SQL statement gives the basic structure required to execute the statement.  ​\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ command can be used to display the structure of a table.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | DESCRIBE |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG ​  ​Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following SQL statements will display only two columns in the results? |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT contact person, name FROM publisher;​ | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ keyword can be included in a SELECT statement to suppress the display of duplicate data.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | UNIQUE |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | DISTINCT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following are case sensitive in Oracle *12c*?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  none of the above | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The majority of operations performed on a typical database table utilize the SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A(n) \_\_\_\_ has a predefined meaning in Oracle 12c.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​statement | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​The DESCRIBE command is used to view data in a table. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​A double backslash (\\) is used to indicate concatenation in a SELECT statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following keywords can be used to indicate that a column alias should be included in the results?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​AS | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ keyword can be included in a SELECT statement to suppress the display of duplicate data.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | UNIQUE |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | DISTINCT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Which of the following SQL statements will display the profit generated by each book currently stored in the BOOKS table?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT title, retail-cost FROM books; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​A string literal must be enclosed in \_\_\_\_. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​single quotation marks (' ') | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to end a SQL statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | semicolon |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ; |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | To indicate which database table contains the data to be selected by a query, the table name should be listed in the \_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correcta.  ​FROM | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | SQL\*Plus is an Oracle tool used to enter and edit SQL statements.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | When a user asks the database a question, the user is issuing a query.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The asterisk symbol (\*) can be used in a SELECT statement to indicate that all rows in the table should be displayed in the results.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SQL statement to retrieve data from the ORDERS table?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT order#, orderdate, shipdate FROM orders; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following symbols can be used to combine data from different columns into one column of output?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​|| | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Based upon the contents of the BOOKS table, which of the following SQL statements will display five rows in its results?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT DISTINCT pubid FROM books; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to end a SQL statement. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | semicolon |  | | Correct*Exact Match* | ; |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the BOOKS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/3d1e2522-3cfc-4405-98db-0aeb91b00da3.JPEG  Which of the following is a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​SELECT title, retail-cost FROM books; | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A string literal must be enclosed in double quotation marks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Contents of the PUBLISHER table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/ee214004-316f-46a5-8207-c0b98c267ac3.JPEG​  Based upon the contents of the PUBLISHER table, which of the following is not a valid SQL statement?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​SELECT name, contact FROM publisher/ | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | In an arithmetic expression, multiplication and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are always solved first in Oracle 12c.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | division |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The following arithmetic operations can be performed in the SELECT clause of a SELECT statement: addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (\*), division (/), and exponential (^).​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | To indicate which database table contains the data to be selected by a query, the table name should be listed in the \_\_\_\_ clause.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​FROM | |  |  |  |

* **Question 1**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | SQL\*Plus can only be accessed via an internet interface. |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 2**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | The ALL option can be used in the SELECT clause to indicate that all columns should be retrieved. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct False | |  |  |  |

* **Question 3**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following statements is correct?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​The columns will be listed in the results in the same order they are listed in the SELECT clause of the SELECT statement. | |  |  |  |

* **Question 4**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | A clause is a section within a SQL statement that begins with a keyword.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 5**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | If the results of a SELECT statement include more than one column of data, the column names must be separated in the SELECT clause by which of the following symbols?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctb.  ​, | |  |  |  |

* **Question 6**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Structure of the ORDERS table  https://mymasonportal.gmu.edu/courses/1/22163.201810/ppg/cognero/Chapter_02_Basic_SQL_SELECT_Statements/media/441a8cef-4cd3-4138-bda2-b06b3355eac4.JPEG  Which of the following statements can be used to view the structure of the ORDERS table?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​DESCRIBE ORDERS | |  |  |  |

* **Question 7**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ statements can be used to retrieve data from database tables.​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Evaluation Method** | **Correct Answer** | **Case Sensitivity** | | Correct*Exact Match* | SELECT |  |  |  | | --- | |  | |  |  |  |

* **Question 8**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | What is the correct solution for the arithmetic expression (2+8)/2\*9/3 using the order of operations employed by Oracle *12c* when solving equations?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctd.  ​15 | |  |  |  |

* **Question 9**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | ​In a(n) SELECT statement, keywords, table names, and column names are not case sensitive. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correct True | |  |  |  |

* **Question 10**

0 out of 10 points

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | | | |
|  | Which of the following keywords can be included in a SELECT statement to suppress duplicate data?​ |  |  |  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Selected Answer: | Incorrect [None Given] | | Correct Answer: | Correctc.  ​DISTINCT | |  |  |  |